Composition : INDAPA-SR : Each sustained release tablet contains Indapamide BP 1.5mg.

Pharmacology : Indapamide is a diuretic antihypertensive. It appears to cause vasodilation, probably by inhibiting the passage of calcium and other ions (sodium, potassium) across membranes. It has an extra-renal antihypertensive action resulting in a decrease in vascular hyper reactivity and a reduction in total peripheral and arteriolar resistance.

Indications : Indapamide is indicated for the treatment of essential hypertension. Indapamide is also indicated for the treatment of edema, salt and fluid retention associated with congestive heart failure.

Dosage and administration : One tablet daily, preferably in the morning. If response is inadequate, dosage may be increased. Or, as directed by the registered physician.

Contraindication : Indapamide is contraindicated in patients with anuria and in those who are allergic to indapamide or other sulfonamide derivatives. This drug should not be taken in renal failure, serious liver disease, hypokalemia.

Precautions : The drug should be used cautiously in the following situationselectrolyte disturbances, severe renal diseases, impaired hepatic function, diabetes mellitus, and hyperparathyroidism.

Side effects : Side-effects include dizziness, anorexia, nausea, vomiting, constipation, diarrhea and postural hypotension. Electrolyte imbalance include hypochloremic alkalosis, hyponatremia, hypokalemia and hyperuricemia and hypersensitivity reactions which include skin rashes, cholestatic jaundice and blood dyscrasias including thrombocytopenia, leucopenia, aplastic anemia.



Use in pregnancy and lactation : There are no adequate and well-controlled studies in pregnant woman. So indapamide is not recommended. Mothers taking indapamide should not breast feed. **Use in child :** It is not recommended for use in children.

Drug Interactions : In patients receiving a cardiac glycoside (e.g., digoxin), indapamide predispose the patient to digitalis toxicity. Indapamide reduces renal lithium clearance. Concommitant use of indapamide with corticosteroids, corticotropin and amphotericin-B may cause severe potassium depletion.

Overdose : Symptoms : These could include- allergies, skin rashes, epigastric pain, nausea, photosensitivity, dizziness, weakness and paraesthesia. Treatment : Treatment is supportive and symptomatic, directed at correcting the electrolyte abnormalities.

Storage : Store below 30°C in a dry place. **Packing : INDAPA-SR :** Each box contains 3 x14's tablets in blister pack.